

Transition Plans for Students with Autism: A Recipe for Success

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Transition Planning Recipe

Preptime: 18-21 years Cooke time: 4-7 years

Recipe Description: Each transition plan should achieve the outcome-focused, individualized goals set for that student.

Ingredients

- Person centered planning
- Transition timelines
- Backwards planning
- Age Appropriate Transition Assessment (AATA)
- Related Services
- School based experiences
- Community based experiences
- Employment Services
- Disability Services

Directions

Gather together the student, members of the interdisciplinary team, family, interagency team, and community partners and collaborate to create a personalized, outcome-focused, goal driven, transition plan using the ingredients listed. Once a plan is in place, begin working on the plan and update it at least annually. Repeat these steps until the student graduates.

Tip: For greater success, begin discussing transition and implementing transition based curriculum and practices into early childhood education and home life.



Transition Review

- In Ohio, the formal transition process begins at age 14 and concludes when the student graduates.
- Students, families, and IEP teams should be working towards transition goals and thinking about post-school outcomes throughout the student's entire school career.



Person-Centered Planning

Student focused and student driven

Preferences

Interests

Needs

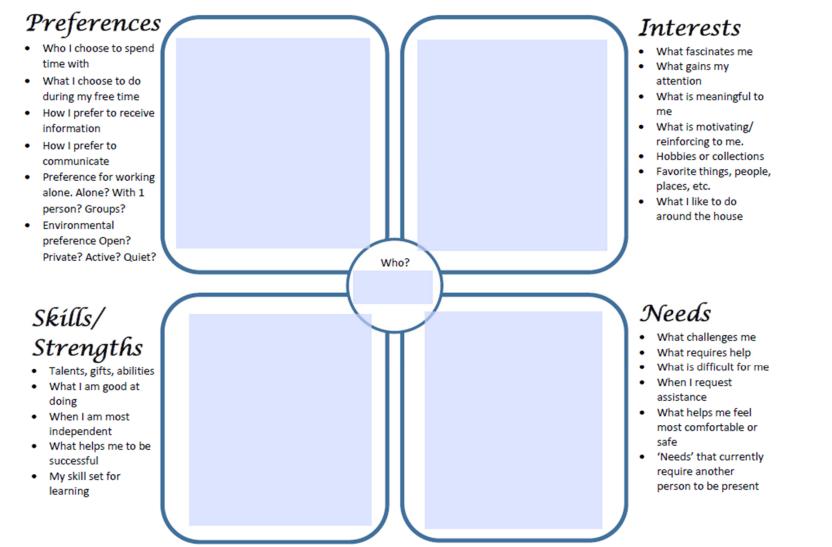
Strengths

PINS

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PERSON-CENTERED THINKING



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Employment First

Initiative that is "centered on the premise that all citizens, including individuals with significant disabilities, are capable of full participation in integrated employment and community life."

https://www.dol.gov/odep/topics/employmentfirst.htm



Ohio Employment First Transition Framework



- Person-centered. The youth is where the team efforts begin and end. Policies and practices must be flexible enough to respond to individual strengths and needs.
- Agency-neutral. As agencies come together to collaborate, activity should occur in a manner where all involved see value for the youth and no single agency policies or procedures are considered the priority.
- · Outcome-focused. The common focus of the collaborative efforts are the meaningful adult life outcomes.

https://ohioemploymentfirst.org/view.php?nav_id=26



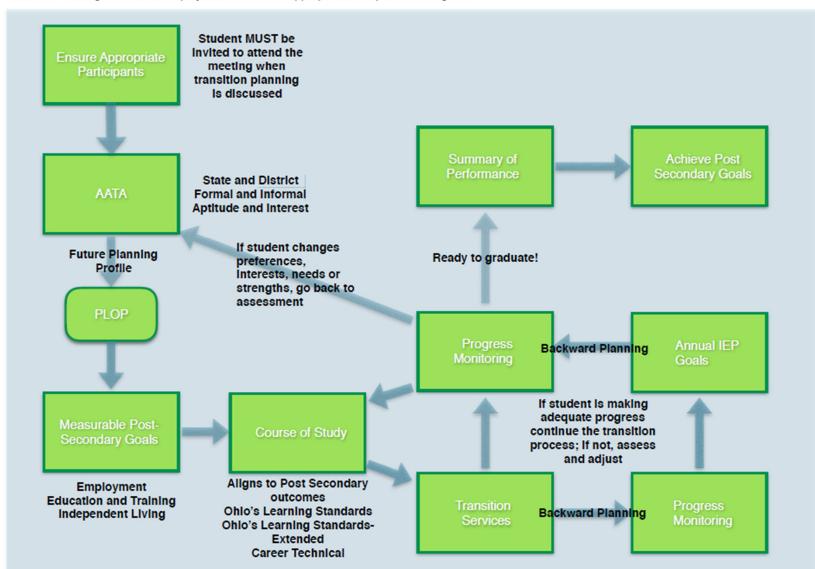
Future Planning Statement

TEAM STATEMENT



SECONDARY TRANSITION PLANNING PROCESS

For students aged 14, or younger if appropriate, a transition plan must be developed that includes appropriate measurable post-secondary goals related to training, education, employment and, when appropriate, independent living skills



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Timelines for Transition Planning



Robert Baer Kent State University (330) 672-0722 or rbaer@kent.edu

IDEAs)

Primary Level - Grades 1-5

Goals: Develop leisure, household, and work interests and sense of responsibility

Objectives:

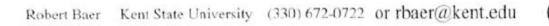
1. To develop positive work habits

2. To appreciate all types of work

3. To develop disability awareness

- · inclusive activities
- · responsibility activities
- · work sample activities
- · career field trips
- · discussions about work
- · discussions of interests and aptitudes
- · exploration of technology
- decision-making and problem solving activities

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Middle School - Grades 6-8

Goals: Identify career interests and courses of study for high school

Objectives:

- 1. To understand interests, aptitudes, and preference
- To understand work, education, independent livin and community options
- To identify desired courses of study in high school Required:
- ★ Statement of transition service needs relative to t desired high school courses of study by age 14 Recommdended:
- ★ Career Assessment
- ★ Individual Career Plan

- · visits to vocational and technical schools
- · complete interest inventories
- · functional vocational assessment
- · career fairs

- survey transition needs and preferences
- · employability assessment
- · daily living skills classes
- · money and budgeting
- · job shadowing
- career guidance
- · self-determination and advocacy training
- · training in use of disability technology
- · computer training
- · mobility training
- · counseling
- · employability skills training
- · decision-making & problem solving activities



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High School - Grades 9-10

Goals: Explore work, postsecondary education, independent living, and leisure options Objectives:

- 1. To develop meaningful realistic goals
- To develop work, education, residential, and community participation skills
- To learn to manage disability and request accommodations

Required:

★ Statement of needed transition services relative t the student's postsecondary goals by age 16

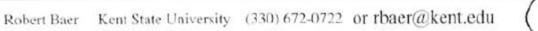
Recommdended:

★ Career Portfolio

- technology assessment
- · update transition goals
- · self-determination training
- · life skills education
- · vocational education
- · volunteering
- · placement in advanced classes
- · informational interviews
- · job shadowing
- · work experiences



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High School - Grades 11 and up

Goals: Obtain work, postsecondary education, residential, and leisure options

Objectives:

- To secure options for postsecondary education and/or employment
- 2. To develop residential and community participation supports and contacts
- 3. To develop linkages with adult services

- · student-directed review of IEP/transition plans
- · individual career planning
- self-determination training
- · apply for adult services
- · apply for postsecondary education
- · financial planning
- · visit relevant postsecondary environments
- · develop job seeking skills
- · job placements
- · community memberships
- · transfer transition coordination
- · develop follow up supports
- transfer transition plan to family or adult services



Career Connections Framework

• Kindergarten and up

http://education.ohio.gov/Topics/Career-Tech/Career-Connections



Career Exploration

Middle Grades (6-8)

Career Awareness

Elementary Grades (K-5)

Students become familiar with careers through learning that connects classroom instruction to future work. Career awareness strategies show students various types of careers and stimulate interest in future work.

- >> Workplace visits with career interviews
- » Career connections learning strategies
- » Classroom career speakers
- Introduction to Ohio career fields postsecondary education data. Plans

and pathways

Students explore their career interests through embedded activities. Career exploration strategies are opportunities for students to discover work environments and understand the various aspects of the workplace. Strategies include tools and instruments that help students understand and appreciate their strengths and interests. Students start plans for their future with career information and

include course selection and planning as well as career

> aspirations and goals. >> Advanced academic and technical

education

- >> Student Success Plan
- » Career connections learning strategies
- >> Workplace visits with career interviews
- » Internships » Career courses
- » Career mentorships Career mentorships
 - » Pre-apprenticeship programs
- » Career-tech student organizations » Service learning
- » OhioMeansJobs K-12 >> Cooperative education programs
- » Career pathways
- » OhioMeansJobs K-12

High School (9-12)

10

Career Planning

11

Students continue career exploration while focusing on career planning. Activities provide advanced experiences that offer hands-on opportunities in a workplace. Career planning strategies focus on making clear links between career options and educational decisions. Students develop the skills to revisit previous exploration and planning strategies as they face career changes throughout life.

- >> Advanced academic and technical education College Credit Plus
- » Career academies
- » Career connections learning strategies
- » Career pathways
- » Career-tech student organizations
- Industry-recognized credentials
- » Student Success Plan

- » Career research
- » Service learning >> Part-time work



Career Awareness

Elementary Grades (K-5)

Students become familiar with careers through learning that connects classroom instruction to future work. Career awareness strategies show students various types of careers and stimulate interest in future work.

Career Exploration

Middle Grades (6-8)

Students explore their career interests through embedded activities. Career exploration strategies are opportunities for students to discover work environments and understand the various aspects of the workplace.

Strategies include tools and instruments that help students understand and appreciate their strengths and interests. Students start plans for their future with career information and postsecondary education data. Plans include course selection and planning as well as career aspirations and goals.

Career Planning

High School (9-12)

Students continue career exploration while focusing on career planning. Activities provide advanced experiences that offer hands-on opportunities in a workplace. Career planning strategies focus on making clear links between career options and educational decisions. Students develop the skills to revisit previous exploration and planning strategies as they face career changes throughout life.





Transition Education and Services from Birth to Adult for Individuals with Disabilities: Research and Data Connections for Success

Taxonomy area	Early Intervention (B-2) Pro	eschool (3-5) K	3 rd Middle School	High School	Post-School (adult)
Student-focused Planning	Individual Family Service Plan	→ Individual Education Pla	nning → Student Participation	in IEP	→ Participant-led /PCP
Student Development	Natural Environments	lusion in school			Inclusion in Community
	Enriched Language Early Knowledge and Skills	Academic S	kills		
	Social Competence	 Life, Social, 	and Emotional Skills		
	Self-awareness	Self-advoca	icy> Sel	f-determination –	
	Related Services	elated Student Services —			→ Adult Services>
	Environmental Adaptations				
Family Engagement	Family Partnerships		Family Involvement		
	Family Competence				
	Family Confidence	Family Emp	oowerment		
Interagency Collaboration	Transdisciplinary Teaming		Collaborative Service	Delivery	
Program Structures	High Quality Personnel		lified Teacher		→ Degreed Providers>
	Data Driven Decision Making				
	Culturally Relevant Programs and Pr	actices —			
Federal Mandates	IDEA Part C	IDEA Part B	IDEA Part B, WIOA	ADA, Hig	her Ed Act, Rehab Act, WIOA
Known Outcomes	 Early Knowledge and Skills Enriched Language Social Relationships Taking Action to Meet Needs 	 School Ready Reading Math Attendance Self-awareness Less Behavior Issue Less Suspension/Ex 		n Rates Empl e Highe n Bette ees Socia Expulsion Comm	ge Attendance oyment er Wages er Health Il Activity Engagement munity Engagement Arrests for Violent Crimes
Known Predictors En	riched Language Predicts 3 rd Grade	Reading Predicts 🗭 High S	School Graduation Predicts 🟓	Employment, Edu	cation, & Independent Living

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pinterest.com/transitionta



Backwards Planning

- Big picture
- Begin with looking at the distant future
- Then look at the present
- Next, fill in the gaps and create small attainable goals
- Finally, implement the plan and review annually or more frequently



Backwards Planning

Ask these questions when getting started:

- Where do they need to be?

- Where are they now?
- How do we help them get to where they need to be?



\sim	e Goal(s) (Goals are not byment. Community Part 3.Identify Priority Skills: What are the Needed Skills?			Home Surface and Define Questions throughout the Conversation (Ongoing)	6. Discuss the Nature of the Needed Service and Support	7. Identify Who Can Provide the Needed Services and Support
To Begin Person Centered Planning Preferences Interests Strengths/Skills Needs	To achieve the desired goals or outcomes Identify the Essential Skills, Knowledge, and Connections associated with or necessary to achieve the goal. Identify the 'Gap' Identify 'The Gap' between needed skills	In relation to the essential skills, knowledge and connections what can the person do CURRENTLY Identify the 'Gap' and current skills	What did the Gap help explain about the person's needs? Identify needs related to the required skills, knowledge, connections. A Person's 'Needs' are not defined by a 'service name'.	Make sure to capture questions that the team has about the profile, goal, necessary skills, and/or the possible needs Identifying questions to be answered helps make the planning and services more individualized.	Only after the team has knowledge of the person, goal, needs and unanswered questions can a plan for service be developed Define and describe the needed service and support <i>BEFORE</i> suggesting a provider.	Who might provide the desired service or support? This includes formal and Informal. Who /what could provide the service or support? Is service needed to answer the identified questions?

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2. Create a Person Centered Profile This is the Individual's Personal Profile What do you already know about the person?	3.Identify Priority Skills: What are the Needed Skills? Considerations for Priorities include: Communication Social Skills Decision- Making/Problem- Solving Self- Regulation/Coping Skills Academic Skills Personal Care/Hygiene	4. Identify Current Skills: Where is the Person Now? What is the person's baseline of the priority skills, knowledge and connections? How similar or different are the individual's current skills/knowledge compared to the needed skills/ knowledge to achieve the goal?	 5. What Are the Person's Needs? Examples of needs: "He needs" A way to learn this new skill Support to participate in using the skill Consistent access to connections 'Needs' are phrased as a description of what the person requires access to in 	Surface and Define Questions throughout the Conversation (Ongoing) These are questions that need to be answered about the person, the skills needed or the information about what is available. It can be questions about the desired goal and how to access.	 6. Discuss the Nature of the Needed Service and Support Identify the services and supports necessary to move the person along the path of a meaningful adult life. Examples: How will the team gather needed information? How will the 	7. Identify Who Can Provide the Needed Services and Support Review: • Where is the person on the path to achieve their goals? • How big is the 'gap? • What types of information is still needed? Consider all options: • Naturally occurring
	Note: If the goal is unclear, identify priorities associated with most adult life goals. Then continue to refine the goal.	The difference between the current and needed skills is identified as The Gap. The Gap becomes the focus of service	requires access to in order to 'close the gap'. A service name may assist the person to achieve the access, but is not a description of the individual's need.	It can be questions about information provided and how to understand the information. Any information that will help make a successful plan.	 Person learn the needed skills? What supports will allow the person to be successful? 	 Paid and unpaid Professional and amateur

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Backwards Planning Template

Name	Birthdate	Time Span of this plan: From	To	Graduation Year	Team Coordinator

Adult Employment Outcome As an adult, I plan to:	Adult Independent/Community Living Outcome As an adult, I plan to:

Current Assessment related to Milestones	Steps to reach Milestone Target Year:	Milestones to be achieved by:				



EmploymentFirst@dodd.ohio.gov



Postsecondary Goal:					
Course(s) of Study:					
Age: Service	14 (5 yrs. to grad)	15 (4 yrs. to grad)	16 (3 yrs. to grad)	17 (2 yrs. to grad)	18 (1 yr. to grad)
Instruction					
Community Experience					
Career Development					
Related Services					
Living Skills					
Assessments					
Linkages to Adult Services					
IEP Goal					

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Meaningful

Life Goals

Backwards Thinking These are only a few of the categories of 'skills sets' that might be important to Person identify. The list can be exhaustive. And the priorities will change based on the Centered person, their profile, and the specific employment situation. This list is NOT intended Profile to be in order of importance. Specific skills for the tasks of the job desired or being considered 1. Communication skills required for the job - in all the job environments and 2. with the variety of people (roles) that the person will want and need to communicate with during the work situation. Technology skills - Copier, computer, phone, etc... 3. Social Skills Required – What type and how diverse will they need to be? 4. (co-workers /boss /customer /animals /in-person or phone or email) **Baseline Skill** Independence desired for the job or aspects of the job 5. Set for When and how to ask for assistance 6. 7. Problem Solving Skills or Process for the work place – Includes social Targeted problem solving as well as job task solutions. 8. Level of Sensory Tolerance (Sound, temperature, movement, etc.) **Future Goal** Navigation skills on the job or in the job environment 9. 10. Organizational skills for the job tasks – Includes time management 11. Amount of time necessary to attend to job tasks (before a break) 12. Understanding policies and rules of the workplace 13. Coping Skills (Emotional Regulation) for the workplace or associated settings (i.e. lunch area, break area, etc.) 14. Physical Endurance (lifting, pushing, etc.) 15. Mental Endurance (Mental stressors of the job)

16. Transportation 'Skill' (the resources needed and available)

Needed Skill Set to Reach the Meaningful Goal

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Age Appropriate Transition Assessment (AATA)

- ABAS II Adaptive
 Behavior Assessment
 System
- AFLS Assessment of Functional Living Skills

- ABLLS- R Assessment of Basic Language and Learning Skills-Revised
- Barriers to Employment Success (BESI)
- BWAP: Becker Work Adjustment Profile

• Ability Explorer



- BRIEF: Behavior Rating Inventory of Executive Functioning
- BRIEF- SR: Behavior Rating Inventory of Executive Functioning (Self-Report Version)
- BRIEF -A: Behavior Rating Inventory of Executive Functioning
- (Adult Version)

- Career Exploration Inventory EX
- ELSA: Employability Life Skills Assessment
- Financial Literacy Inventory
- Informal Assessments for Transition: Independent Living and Community Participation Book



- Informal Assessments for Transition Planning Book
- Life Skills Inventory (LSI)
- Monarch Crew Assessment
 Form
- PICS: Picture Interest Career Inventory
- Reading-Free Vocational
 Interest Inventory

- Transition Planning Inventory Kit: TPI 2nd
- Transition-to-Work Inventory
- TTAP: TEACCH Transition Assessment Profile Second
- Work Motivation Scale



Related Services

- Occupational Therapy
- Speech and Language Pathology
- Behavior Therapy



School Based Experiences

- File folders
- Computer activities
- Books
- Magazines
- Discussion
- Videos
- Role play

- Guided practice
- Learning the language
- Generalization



Community Based Experiences

- Field trips
- Job shadowing
- Job trial
- Internship
- Informational interviewing
- Scavenger hunt



Employment and Disability Services

- Bureaus of Vocational Rehabilitation
- Boards of Developmental Disabilities
- Eligibility?
- Independent services?
- Cross over?
- Reapplication due to aging into another category or lack of use of services?
- Funding?



Who do I go to for assistance?

- Local county board of developmental disabilities
- Local vocational rehabilitation center
- Non-profit resource centers
- School transition coordinator



Collaboration

Ohio Transition to Employment Overview of Agency Assistance and Support

- This tool discusses what each agency does, who is eligible for services, and what services are available

Opportunities for Ohioans with Disabilities (OOD: BVR and BSVI)

Ohio Department of Medicaid (ODM)

Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities (DODD)

Social Security Administration (SSA)

Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services (OhioMHAS)

Ohio Department of Job and Family Services (ODJFS)



Pulling it all together

- The transition plan is divided up into three main areas
 - 1. Postsecondary education and training
 - 2. Employment
 - 3. Independent Living



The Breakdown

- Each of the areas is broken down to include
 - A measurable postsecondary goal
 - Age appropriate transition assessments (AATAs)
 - Course of study
 - Connection to annual goals
 - Transition services/activities
 - Projected beginning date
 - Projected end date
 - Frequency
 - Person/agency responsible
 - Type of evidence indicating the transition service has been completed

Getting Started

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- Host a pre-IEP planning meeting with all related services and utilize a form to create a cohesive transition plan that utilizes all related services expertise.
- ALL members of the IEP team, including parents and especially students, should have input into the PINS
- ALL members of the interdisciplinary team should contribute to the AATA section with formal/informal/anecdotal assessments.

Age Appropriate Transition Assessments (AATAs)

- Most important area of the transition section.
- Identifies the student's preferences, interests, needs, and strengths. This area should paint a very clear picture of the student.
- List out the PINS in this section and specify them to each section
- When reading the goal and service activities for each area, it should be obvious why these were chosen based on the AATAs
- Something can only be identified as a need if it is listed as a need on the ETR



AATAs Continued

- Include any formal assessments, informal assessments, and observations
- This is the present levels area of the transition section
- Include detailed observations of how the student is doing in each of the areas. For example, how the student does in their classes and what they need for support would go in postsecondary education and training. In the vocational section you would include observations around school/community jobs. In the independent living, you would include observations about budgeting (simulated and real world), hygiene, cooking, etc.



Measurable Postsecondary Goals

The goal is where the student will eventually be, whereas the service activities relate more closely to the AATA section (where they are now)



Transition Services/Activities

- Steps we are taking to help the student achieve their ultimate goal (measurable postsecondary goal).
- These services/activities can be the very beginning steps, but should be detailed without boxing ourselves in
- Not every service/activity should last the duration of the IEP
- We need to think about the services/activities as benchmarked objectives to the measurable postsecondary goal

Connection to Annual Goals

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- Each measurable annual goal, service/activity should align with annual goals.
 - If you are struggling to connect the sections, the team may need to rethink the direction of the IEP.
 - The two sections need to connect and should not read like two different students going down two separate paths.



What does a seamless transition look like?

- Follow the transition plan and update annually or more frequently
- Invite agencies to meetings and planning by the student's senior year (timelines for services may differ by state)
- Get involved with any pre-employment services available
- Establish what the student will be doing and where they will be going prior to the end of the school year
- Depending on the student, the transition to the new programming/job should take place about a month before the student leaves school



Resources to help along the way

NTACT

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RESOURCES - EFFECTIVE PRACTICES EVENTS AS

IS ASD RESOURCES



Find NTACT Resources

Search

Looking to learn more about Effective Practices and Predictors? Download the Matrix

What is NTACT? Learn more about NTACT

Interested in getting involved in transition research? Check Out the Research Connector





https://transitionta.org/



Search By: RESOURCE TYPE

- Annotated Bibliographies
- Communities of Practice
- Data Tools
- Lesson Plans
- Quick Guides
- Toolkits
- Top Resources



Ohio Means Jobs

<u>http://education.ohio.gov/Topics/Career-Tech/Career-Connections/OhioMeansJobs-K-12</u>





Indiana University Transition Assessment Matrix

<u>https://instrc.indiana.edu/transition-resources/transition-matrix.html</u>

Choose Domain

Employment

- ✓ Independent Living
- ✓ Education/Training

Choose Grade Level(s)

6-8

9-10

11-12

Choose Disability Area(s)



AA Career Reflection Sheet

This authentic assessments guides students with information to gather when attending a college or career fair. Basic questions help students explore potential interests. ** ASSESSMENT

CTE Vocational

Many students make

visits to area vocational

centers. This authentic

students to reflect on

may be interested in

pursuing.

** ASSESSMENT

programs or areas they

Program Visit

programs or CTE

assessment asks

College Plann Worksheet

This authentic assessment help students compile information from various colleges testing requirem disability student contacts) as they through the colle planning process ** ASSESSMENT

AA Elective C Reflection

This authentic assessment allov student to specif he or she has lea an elective class think through ho information migh useful for future planning.



Employment First's Ongoing Transition Assessment, A Team Planning Guide

 <u>https://ohioemploymentfirst.org/up_doc/Transi</u> <u>tion_Assessment_Planning_Guide.pdf</u>

> **Ongoing Transition Assessment** A Team Planning Guide





The Ohio Age Appropriate Transition Assessment Library

<u>https://www.ohioaatalibrary.org/</u>





Home General Assessments Post-Secondary Goals Health & Medical Transition Resources Employment Resources

Ohio Age-Appropriate Transition Assessment (AATA) Library

🕔 Play

This website was designed to be a library of vetted age-appropriate assessments and transition and employment resources for educators working with transition-aged youth in Ohio schools. Viewers can choose to navigate this site by using the horizontal menu or <u>site map</u> of that displays pages alphabetically.

Educators and parents will find formal and informal assessments designed to support transition-aged youth as they work toward life experiences beyond high school. These resources include general assessments for educators, parents, and students; assessments for post-secondary employment, college, and independent living; and assessments





Autism Speaks Transition Toolkit

• <u>https://www.autismspeaks.org/sites/default/files/</u> 2018-08/Transition%20Tool%20Kit.pdf



Transition Tool Kit

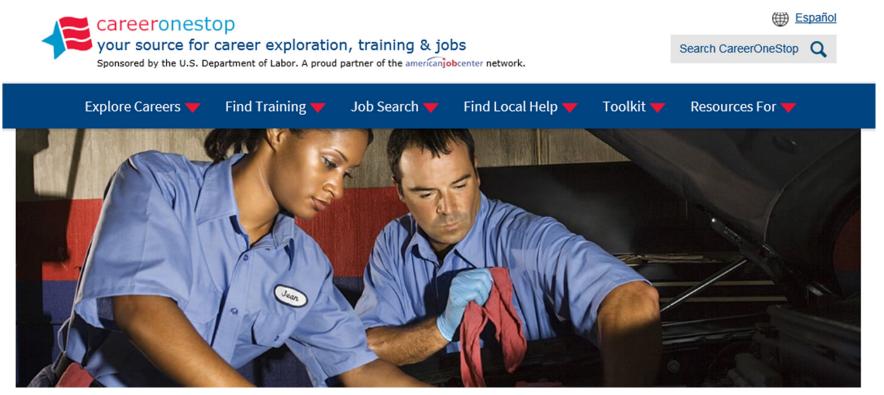
For Families on the Journey from Adolescence to Adulthood

AUTISM SPEAKS' FAMILY SERVICES



Career One Stop

• <u>https://www.careeronestop.org/</u>





Occupation Quick Search:

Share

What's New?

Discover your interests while using O*NET OnLine

📀 🕻 Learn More 🔵 🔊

Get O*NET news by email or RSS.

I want to be a...

Start the career you've dreamed about, or find one you never imagined.

Find It Now

O*NET Sites

O*NET

• <u>https://www.onetonline.org/</u>



Help Find Occupations

upations Advanced Search Crosswalks

Build your future with O*NET OnLine.

> Welcome to your tool for career exploration and job analysis!

O*NET OnLine has detailed descriptions of the world of work for use by job seekers, workforce development and HR professionals, students, researchers, and more!

What is O*NET?





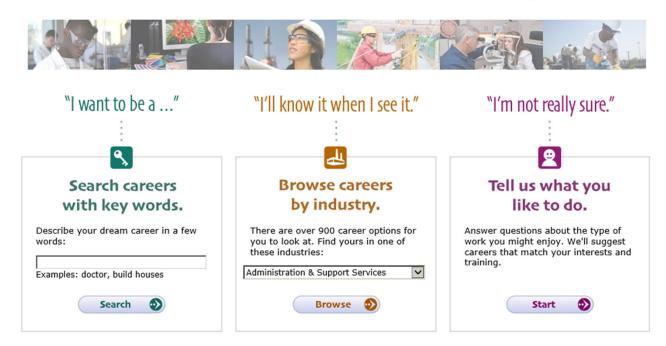
SEARCH INDUSTRIES INTERESTS

My Next Move (part of O*Net)

<u>https://www.mynextmove.org/</u>
 – MY NEXT MÓVE

What do you want to do for a living?

o-net"





Self-Determination

- <u>https://www.imdetermined.org/</u>
- <u>http://ngsd.org/</u>



Quick Links • Educators • Parents • Youth • Resources • Summits •





National Center on Secondary **Education and Transition**

• http://www.ncset.org/



Topics

E-News

Events

National Center on Secondary Education and Transition

Creating Opportunities for Youth With Disabilities to Achieve Successful Futures



The National Center on Secondary Education and Transition (NCSET) was originally funded by the U.S. Department of Education's Office of Special Education Programs from 2000-2008, during which time it partnered with six major organizations also focused on the secondary education and transition of youth with disabilities. NCSET coordinated national resources, offered technical assistance, and disseminated information related to secondary education and transition for youth with disabilities in order to create opportunities for youth to achieve successful futures.

Although NCSET is no longer funded through OSEP, we continue to disseminate resources via this website with support from the Institute on Community Integration in the University of Minnesota's College of Education and Human Development.



ODE Indicator 13 Checklist

 <u>http://education.ohio.gov/getattachment/Topics/Special-Education/Federal-and-State-</u> <u>Requirements/Secondary-Transition-and-Workforce-Development/Secondary-Transition-and-</u> <u>Workforce-Development-for/Ohio-Indicator-13-Checklist.pdf.aspx</u>

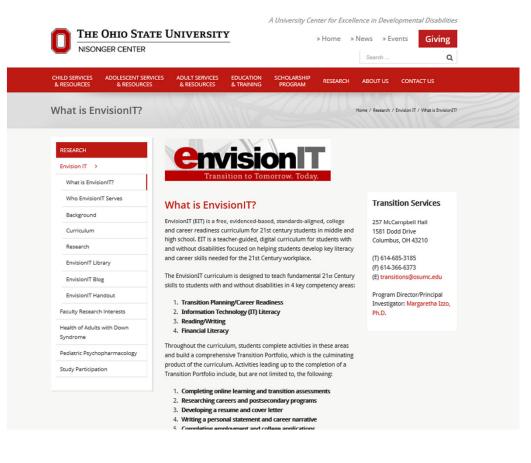
Chio Department	Save	Print Form
Indicator 13 Checklist		
District	IRN	
Student Initials DOB Reviewer's Initials	Compliant	•
1. Is there an appropriate measurable postsecondary goal or goals in this area?		
Can the goal(s) be counted? Will the goal(s) occur after the student graduates from school? Based on the information available about this student, does (do) the postsecondary goal(s) seem appropriate for this student?		
Education/Training		
Employment 🔹		
Independent Living		
2. Is (are) the postsecondary goal(s) updated annually?		
Was (were) the postsecondary goal(s) addressed/ updated in conjunction with the development of the current IEP?		
Education/Training		
Employment 🔹		
Independent Living		
3 Is there evidence that the measurable postsecondary goal(s) were based on age appropriate transition assessment?		

Is the use of transition assessment(s) for the postsecondary goal(s) mentioned in the IEP or evident in the student's file?

EnvisionIT



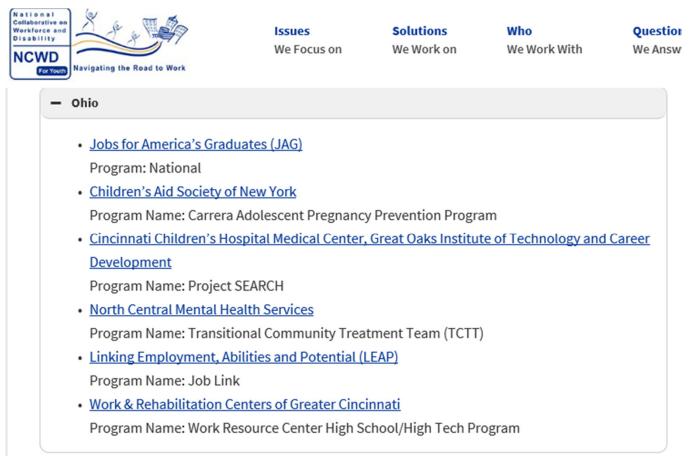
• <u>http://nisonger.osu.edu/research/envision-</u> <u>it/what-is-envisionit/</u>





National Collaborative on Workforce and Disability for Youth – State Resourcing List

• <u>http://www.ncwd-youth.info/profiles-by-states/</u>





The Center on Secondary Education for Students with Autism Spectrum Disorders

- <u>https://csesa.fpg.unc.edu/professionals/supporti</u> <u>ng-independence</u>
- <u>https://csesa.fpg.unc.edu/resources/autism-glance-supporting-healthy-sleep-habits-adolescents</u>





Secondary Transition Modules

<u>http://education.ohio.gov/Topics/Special-Education/Federal-and-State-</u>
 <u>Requirements/Secondary-Transition-and-Workforce-Development/Secondary-Transition-for-</u>
 Students-with-Disabilitie/Secondary-Transition-Modules-Alternate-Access

Home > Special Education > Federal and State Requirements > Secondary Transition and Workforce Development for Students with Disabilities > Secondary Transition for Students with Disabilities Modules > Secondary Transition Modules Alternate Access

QUICK LINKS

- » Operating Standards and Guidance
- » Ohio Required and Optional Forms
- » Secondary Transition and Workforce Development for Students with Disabilities
 - Secondary Transition and Workforce Development Rules and Regulations
 - WIOA Section 511: Subminimum Wage
 - Innovative Strategies for Developing College and Career Readiness for Students with Disabilities
 - Ohio Transition Support Partnership
 - Secondary Transition for Students with Disabilities Modules
 - Secondary Transition Modules Alternate Access

Transition to Work Endorsement

Resources for Secondary

Secondary Transition Modules Alternate Access

It is essential that other stakeholders such as families, agency providers, institutions of higher education, and students themselves have an opportunity to engage in the Modules. Common understanding promotes integration and collaboration that can help all work smarter together for improved student outcomes.

Please note that use of the Modules is not mandatory for school personnel. Module content is is best practice and is not intended to be used for compliance monitoring.

Access Modules

- 1. Student-Focused Planning How do I help my students plan for the future?
- 2. Student Development What skills do my students need to meet their postsecondary goals?
- 3. Interagency Collaboration How do I involve agencies in postsecondary planning?
- 4. Program Structure What foundational elements are necessary to effectively implement transition services?
- 5. Family Engagement How do I engage families in postsecondary planning?

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What Works for Work: Evidence Based Transition Practices and Predictors

https://www.ocali.org/project/what-works-for-work

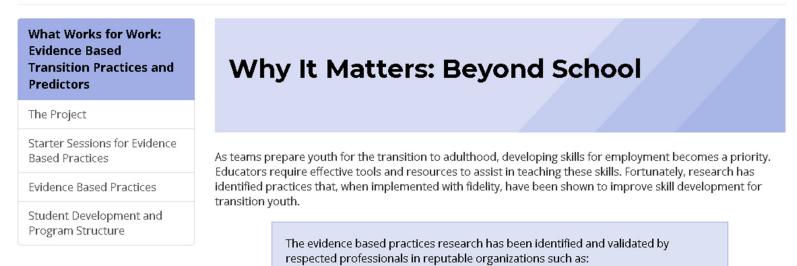
OGADO

MENU

OCALI PASS SEARCH

Monarch Center for Autism

What Works for Work: Evidence Based Transition Practices and Predictors



- NTACT- National Technical Assistance Center on Transition
- NPDC-National Professional Development Center on Autism Spectrum Disorder

However, many educators, job coaches and others are not using these powerful tools and methods to teach critical skills! Why? Some professionals report they are simply unaware of the evidence based practices. Others

Ohio Longitudinal Transition Study

http://education.ohio.gov/Topics/Special-Education/Special-Education-Data-and-Funding/Ohio-Longitudinal-Transition-Study-OLTS

QUICK LINKS

- » Data Collection Tools
- » Ohio's Special Education Profiles
- » Enrollment, Testing and Discipline Data
- » Gifted Education Expenditures
- » Ohio Longitudinal Transition Study
- » Equity in IDEA: New Disproportionality Regulations and Supports
- » IDEA Part B Funding

Ohio Longitudinal Transition Study

Monarch Center for Autism

Collecting Data on Post-School Outcomes (Indicator 14)

The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) requires that states report the postschool engagement of students with disabilities in post-secondary education and employment. Therefore, the Ohio Department of Education's Office for Exceptional Children is required to report the percentage of children with disabilities who, within one year of leaving high school, are enrolled in higher education, participating in a training program or competitively employed.

IDEA requires that all school districts collect outcome data for their students with individualized education programs (IEPs) at least once every six years.

Ohio fulfills this obligation through the Ohio Longitudinal Transition Study (OLTS), which is designed to collect information on students with disabilities' expectations at the end of their final year in high school and their post-school outcomes, one year later.

The Department has a contract with Kent State University's Center for Innovation in Transition and Employment to collect, manage and analyze the results of the longitudinal surveys. Each year, one-fifth of Ohio's school districts are selected to collect information on their students exiting with an IEP and to follow up with them one year later. School districts receive a rating of "met" or "not met" based on completion of OLTS participation requirements. This rating is applied to Indicator 14 on the district's Special Education Profile for the selected participation year.

OLTS Annual Reports

The OLTS Annual Report provides a statewide overview of post-school engagement findings derived from the student surveys. Regional reports are also available. Participating school districts will receive a district-specific report of survey results as well.

OLTS Contacts

If your district has been selected to participate in the OLTS and you would like information regarding OLTS requirements, contact Stacia Kaschak, OLTS Project Director, at smather@kent.edu, or (330) 672-0729. Your regional State Support Team can also be contacted for assistance.





Question & Answer





Monarch Center for Autism

- Preschool
- Day School
- Transition Education Program
- Extended School Year Program
- Boarding Academy
- Adult Autism Program
- Adult Support Living Residences
- Free Webinar & e-newsletter Series
- Online Resource Center
- Welcoming Spaces Program

- Web: <u>www.monarchcenterforautism.org</u>
- + Telephone: 216.320.8945 or 1-800-879-2522
- Address: 22001 Fairmount Boulevard, Shaker Heights, Ohio 44118
- Join our e-newsletter mailing list: <u>http://www.monarchcenterforautism.org/</u> <u>Newsletters/NewsletterSignUp</u>
- Facebook: <u>www.facebook.com/monarchcenterforautism</u>
- + Twitter: <u>www.twitter.com/monarchohio</u>

